

$\Gamma \vdash \varphi(x) \Rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \forall x \varphi(x)$ if $x \notin FV(\varphi)$ for all $\varphi \in \Gamma$
 $\Gamma \vdash \forall x \varphi(x) \Rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \varphi(t)$ if t is free for x in φ .

$$\Leftrightarrow (\exists x) \phi \vdash \bot$$

$$\exists \supset (\exists) d y \quad \mathcal{D} \quad E \quad (\supset) \phi$$

$$\mathcal{D}$$

$$\frac{(\exists x) \phi \vdash A}{(\exists x) \phi}$$

$$(\exists x) \phi \vdash A \vdash \bot \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\frac{2}{2} \frac{(\mathcal{A} \times A \leftarrow \mathcal{B} \times A) \leftarrow (\mathcal{A} \leftarrow \mathcal{B}) \times A}{\mathcal{A} \times A \leftarrow \mathcal{B} \times A}$$

$$\mathcal{A} \times A$$

$$\mathcal{B}$$

$$\mathcal{B} \leftarrow \mathcal{B}$$

$$2 \frac{[\mathcal{B} \times A]}{2} \frac{[(\mathcal{A} \leftarrow \mathcal{B}) \times A]}{2}$$

$$(\mathcal{A} \times A \leftarrow \mathcal{B} \times A) \leftarrow (\mathcal{A} \leftarrow \mathcal{B}) \times A$$

$$\frac{\varphi \perp x A \perp \leftarrow \varphi x A}{}$$

$$\frac{2 \quad \frac{(\varphi \perp x A) \perp}{\quad}}{\quad} \quad \text{T}$$

$$\frac{1 \quad \frac{\quad}{\varphi \perp} \quad \varphi}{\quad}$$

$$\frac{1 \quad \frac{\varphi \perp x A}{\quad}}{2 \quad \frac{\varphi x A}{\quad}}$$

$$\text{T} \leftarrow (\underbrace{\varphi \perp x A}_{(\varphi \perp x A \perp)} \leftarrow (\varphi x A))$$

```
int f (int x) {  
    return 1 * 2 * ... * x; }  
}
```

```
int f (int x) {  
    return x * f(x-1); }  
}
```

$$\frac{\neg(\alpha \rightarrow \beta)}{\neg(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \vdash \neg(\alpha \rightarrow \beta)}$$

α

$$\frac{[\alpha] [\neg \alpha]^2}{\perp}$$

β

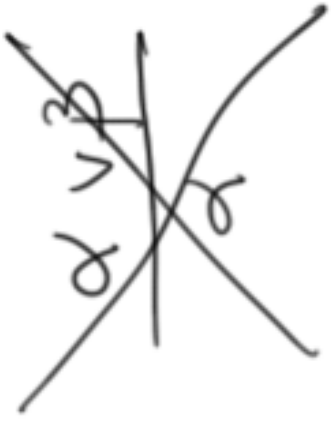
$$\frac{\alpha \rightarrow \beta}{[\neg(\alpha \rightarrow \beta)]^3}$$

$$\frac{\perp}{\alpha} - 2$$

$$\frac{\cdot}{\neg(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \alpha} - 3$$

$$\frac{\neg(\alpha \rightarrow \beta)}{\alpha}$$

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \mathcal{D}_5 \\ (\neg\alpha \vee \beta) \rightarrow (\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \end{array} \quad \frac{\begin{array}{c} \mathcal{D}_6 \\ ((\neg\alpha \vee \beta) \rightarrow (\alpha \rightarrow \beta)) \rightarrow (\neg(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \neg(\neg\alpha \vee \beta)) \end{array}}{\neg(\alpha \rightarrow \beta)} \quad \frac{\neg(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \neg(\neg\alpha \vee \beta)}{\neg(\neg\alpha \vee \beta)} \quad \mathcal{D}_2 \quad \frac{\neg(\neg\alpha \vee \beta) \rightarrow (\neg\neg\alpha \wedge \neg\beta)}{\neg\neg\alpha \wedge \neg\beta} \quad \mathcal{D}_3 \quad \frac{\neg\neg\alpha}{\neg\alpha} \quad \frac{\neg\alpha \rightarrow \alpha}{\alpha}$$



$$\frac{\neg(\alpha \rightarrow \beta)}{\alpha}$$

Now SI UTIL.



(iii) $\vdash \forall x \varphi(x) \rightarrow \forall z \varphi(z)$ if z does not occur in $\varphi(x)$,

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{(\exists z) \phi \rightarrow zA}{(\exists z) \phi}}{\forall x \phi \rightarrow xA}}{(\exists [x/z] \phi) \rightarrow zA}$$

$$\left((\mathcal{E}|_{X^A}) \wedge (\rho \times A) \right) \in (\mathcal{E}^1 \wedge \rho) \times A$$

$\mathcal{U} \quad \mathcal{W}$

$\alpha \quad \bar{\alpha} \quad \text{vero} \quad \text{solo} \quad \text{in} \quad \mathcal{U}$

$\beta \quad \bar{\beta} \quad \text{vero} \quad \text{solo} \quad \text{in} \quad \mathcal{W}$

$$(d \vee x) \times A = 1 \quad d' \mathcal{R} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad [\quad d \vee x = 1 \quad [x \leq 1 \quad x] \quad d' \mathcal{R} \quad] \quad \mathcal{O}A$$

$$\Leftrightarrow [\quad d = 1 \quad [x \leq 1 \quad x] \quad d' \mathcal{R} \quad \& \quad x = 1 \quad [x \leq 1 \quad x] \quad d' \mathcal{R} \quad] \quad \mathcal{O}A$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (d = 1 \quad [x \leq 1 \quad x] \quad d' \mathcal{R} \quad \mathcal{O}A) \quad \& \quad (x = 1 \quad [x \leq 1 \quad x] \quad d' \mathcal{R} \quad \mathcal{O}A)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \quad d \times A = 1 \quad d' \mathcal{R} \quad \& \quad x \times A = 1 \quad d' \mathcal{R}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \quad d \times A \vee x \times A = 1 \quad d' \mathcal{R}$$

$$\underbrace{(d \vee x) \times A \Leftrightarrow (d \times A \vee x \times A) = 1 \quad d' \mathcal{R} \quad d' \mathcal{R}A}_{\Leftrightarrow}$$

$$(d \vee x) \times A \Leftrightarrow (d \times A \vee x \times A) = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (d \leftarrow x) \times A \leftarrow (d \times A \leftarrow x \times A) \neq \\ & (d \times A \leftarrow x \times A) \leftarrow (d \leftarrow x) \times A \neq \end{aligned}$$

$$x \times A \leftarrow x \times E \neq$$

$$(d \wedge x) \times E \leftarrow x \times E \neq$$

$$\text{medium} \quad (d \times A \wedge x \times A) \leftarrow (d \wedge x) \times A \neq$$

$$\text{difficult} \quad [x/1] x \leftarrow x \times A \neq$$

$$\text{easy} \quad (d \times E \wedge x \times E) \Leftrightarrow (d \wedge x) \times E \neq$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{no } (0 =^a [x] \Leftrightarrow (0 =^a [\emptyset] \ \& \ 0 =^a [x])) \wedge \\
 \Leftrightarrow (0 =^a [x] \Leftrightarrow 0 =^a [\emptyset \wedge x]) \wedge A \\
 \Leftrightarrow (1 =^a [x \perp] \Leftrightarrow 1 =^a [(\emptyset \wedge x) \perp]) \wedge A \\
 x \perp \neq (\emptyset \wedge x) \perp
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{\neg x}$$

$$\frac{[x]^1 \quad \neg(x \vee \beta)}{x \vee \beta}$$

$$\neg(x \vee \beta) \vdash \neg x$$

$$(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \vdash (\beta \rightarrow \gamma) \Rightarrow (\alpha \rightarrow \gamma)$$

$$\alpha \rightarrow \beta \vdash \neg \beta \rightarrow \neg \alpha$$

$$\frac{\alpha \rightarrow \beta \quad [\alpha]^1}{\beta} \quad \frac{[\beta \rightarrow \gamma]^2}{\quad}$$

$$\frac{\gamma}{\alpha \rightarrow \gamma}$$

$$\frac{\quad}{(\beta \rightarrow \gamma) \rightarrow (\alpha \rightarrow \gamma)}$$

$$\alpha \rightarrow (\beta \wedge \neg \beta) \vdash \neg \alpha$$

$$\vdash \beta \wedge \neg \beta \rightarrow \perp$$

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{[\alpha] \alpha \rightarrow (\beta \wedge \neg \beta)}{\beta \wedge \neg \beta}}{\beta}}{\neg \beta}}{\perp}}{\neg \alpha}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{[\alpha]^2 \alpha \rightarrow (\beta \wedge \neg \beta)}{\beta \wedge \neg \beta}}{\frac{[\beta \wedge \neg \beta] \quad [\beta \wedge \neg \beta]}{\neg \beta}}}{\perp}}{\neg \alpha}$$

$$\varphi \vdash \psi \quad \Leftarrow \quad \varphi \vdash$$

$$\varphi \vdash \bigvee \psi_i \quad \Leftarrow \quad \varphi \vdash \psi_i$$

$$T \Leftarrow T \vdash$$

$$\frac{T \Leftarrow T}{\vdash [T]}$$

$$(T \Leftarrow T) \vdash (\alpha \Rightarrow \alpha)$$

$$(\alpha \wedge \beta), \neg \alpha \vdash \beta$$

$$[\neg \alpha]$$

$$\vdash \frac{}{\alpha}$$

$$\vdash \frac{}{\alpha}$$

$$\frac{\alpha \wedge \beta}{\beta}$$

$$\frac{\alpha \wedge \beta}{\alpha}$$

$$\frac{\alpha \quad \neg \alpha}{\frac{\vdash \frac{}{\beta}}{\beta}}$$



$$(\alpha \wedge \beta), \delta \vdash \beta$$

$$\frac{\phi \vdash xE}{\top}$$

$$\frac{\phi \vdash A \vdash \frac{\phi \vdash A}{\phi}}{1 - \frac{1}{\top}}$$

$$\frac{2[\phi \vdash xE \vdash] \phi \vdash xE}{1[\phi \vdash]}$$

$$\phi \vdash xE \leftarrow \phi \vdash A \vdash$$

~~$$\frac{\phi \vdash A}{\frac{\phi \vdash A}{[\phi]}} \quad \phi \vdash E$$~~

ϕ

$$\frac{(b \leftarrow d) \times E}{E}$$

$$\frac{\{ [(b \leftarrow d) \times E] \}}{T} \quad \frac{(b \leftarrow d) \times E}{E}$$

$$\frac{b \leftarrow d}{b}$$

$$\frac{b \leftarrow (d \times A)}{d \times A} \quad \frac{d \times A}{d} \quad \frac{d}{T}$$

$$\frac{\{ [(b \leftarrow d) \times E] \}}{() \times E} \quad \frac{d}{T}$$

$$d \times E \leftarrow d \times A \times E$$

$$(T \leftarrow d) \times E \leftarrow (T \leftarrow d \times A)$$

$$T \times [d]_1 [d]$$

$$\alpha \equiv (V \times (P(x) \vee Q(x)) \times A) \sim ((V \times P(x)) \vee V \times Q(x)) \quad \Gamma \models A \Leftrightarrow \Gamma \vdash A$$

$$M = \langle \{b, p, q\}, P, Q \rangle \quad P = \{b\} \quad Q = \{b\}$$

$$M \models \sigma' \wedge \sigma \quad \sigma \in \Sigma \quad p \neq q$$

$$(M, \sigma \wedge A \sim ((x)P(x) \vee V \times Q(x)) \neq 1, \sigma', M)$$

$\Leftrightarrow$

$$M, \sigma \models V \times P(x) \times A \quad \& \quad (x)P(x) \vee Q(x) \quad \& \quad M, \sigma \models V \times P(x) \vee V \times Q(x)$$

(1)

(2)

$$(b \supset [2 \leftarrow x] \supset \llbracket x \rrbracket \text{ } \mathcal{D} \text{ } d \supset [2 \leftarrow x] \supset \llbracket x \rrbracket) \{ q'0 \} \rightarrow zA$$

$\Leftrightarrow$

$$((x) b \neq 1 [2 \leftarrow x] \supset \text{ } \mathcal{D} \text{ } (x) d \neq 1 [2 \leftarrow x] \supset) \{ q'0 \} \rightarrow zA$$

$\Leftrightarrow$

$$(x) b \wedge (x) d \neq 1 [2 \leftarrow x] \supset \text{ } \mathcal{D} \text{ } W \quad \{ q'0 \} \rightarrow zA$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (x) b \wedge (x) d \neq 1 \text{ } xA \neq 1 \text{ } \mathcal{D} \text{ } W$$

(1)

(2)

$$\underbrace{(x) b \wedge xA \wedge (x) d \wedge xA \neq 1 \text{ } \mathcal{D} \text{ } W}_{(2)} \text{ } \& \text{ } \underbrace{(x) b \wedge (x) d \wedge xA \neq 1 \text{ } \mathcal{D} \text{ } W}_{(1)}$$

$\Leftrightarrow$

$$(b \rightarrow q \rightarrow 0 \text{ or } b \in q) \& (b \rightarrow 0, \rightarrow 0 \text{ or } p \rightarrow 0) \\ \Leftrightarrow$$

$$(b \rightarrow [q \leftarrow x] \rightarrow [x] \rightarrow 0 \text{ or } p \rightarrow [q \leftarrow x] \rightarrow [x] \rightarrow 0) \\ \&$$

$$(b \rightarrow [0 \leftarrow x] \rightarrow [x] \rightarrow 0 \text{ or } p \rightarrow [0 \leftarrow x] \rightarrow [x] \rightarrow 0)$$

$$\stackrel{(\Rightarrow)}{(b \rightarrow [2 \leftarrow x] \rightarrow [x] \rightarrow 0 \text{ or } p \rightarrow [2 \leftarrow x] \rightarrow [x] \rightarrow 0) \{q'0\} \rightarrow 2A}$$

$$b \neq 0$$

$$d \neq a$$

$$w = 2$$

$$a = 2 \quad \exists x \exists y \exists z \exists w \exists v \exists u \exists \theta \text{ is}$$

$$(b \neq 0 \wedge \underbrace{\{a'0\} \rightarrow 2E}_{w=2}) \wedge (d \neq 0 \wedge \{a'0\} \rightarrow 2E)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow$$

$$((x)0 \neq 0 \wedge \{a'0\} \rightarrow 2E) \wedge ((x)d \neq 0 \wedge \{a'0\} \rightarrow 2E)$$

$$[u \neq 1w] \supset ((x)d \neq 0 \wedge \{a'0\} \rightarrow 2E)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow$$

$$(x)0 \times A \neq 1 \supset \exists (x)d \times A \neq 1 \supset$$

$$\Leftrightarrow$$

$$(x)0 \times A \wedge (x)d \times A \neq 1 \supset$$

$[\varphi]$

$\mathcal{D}$

$$\frac{\exists x \varphi(x) \quad \psi \quad \exists E}{\psi}$$

$x \notin \text{FV}(\text{hp}\mathcal{D} - \{\varphi\}) \cup \text{FV}(\psi)$

$[\varphi_1] \quad [\varphi_2]$

$$\frac{\varphi_1 \vee \varphi_2 \quad \begin{array}{c} | \\ \psi \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} | \\ \psi \end{array}}{\psi}$$

ψ

$$t_1, t_2, \dots, t_k, \dots \quad \exists x \varphi(x) \approx \varphi(t_1) \vee \varphi(t_2) \vee \varphi(t_3) \vee \dots$$

$\varphi(t_1) \quad \varphi(t_2) \quad \varphi(t_3)$

$$\frac{\underbrace{\exists x \varphi(x)}_{\varphi(t_1) \vee \varphi(t_2) \vee \varphi(t_3) \vee \dots} \quad \begin{array}{c} | \\ \psi \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} | \\ \psi \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} | \\ \psi \end{array}}{\psi}$$

ψ

$$t_1, t_2, \dots, t_k, \dots \quad \exists x \varphi(x) \approx \varphi(t_1) \vee \varphi(t_2) \vee \varphi(t_3) \vee \dots$$

$$\underbrace{\exists x \varphi(x)}_{\varphi(t_1) \vee \varphi(t_2) \vee \varphi(t_3) \vee \dots} \quad \frac{\begin{array}{c} \varphi(t_1) \quad \varphi(t_2) \quad \varphi(t_3) \\ \mathcal{D}_1 \quad \mathcal{D}_2 \quad \mathcal{D}_3 \quad \dots \end{array}}{\dots}$$

ψ

$$\begin{array}{c} \psi \\ \varphi(x) \quad \mathcal{D}^* \\ \vdots \\ \varphi(\bar{x}) \\ \vdots \\ \varphi(y) \quad \mathcal{D}^* \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{array}$$

$$\frac{(x)\phi xE \leftarrow (x)\phi xA}{(x)\phi xE}$$

$$\frac{(x)\phi xE}{(x)\phi}$$

$$\frac{(x)\phi}{*[(x)\phi xA]}$$

$$(x)\phi xE \leftarrow (x)\phi xA \vdash$$

IE

$\leftarrow$

$\wedge' \vee'$
 $E' A' \vdash$

$$\frac{(x)\phi xE}{(\neg)\phi}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle \leftarrow \langle (x) \phi \wedge (x) \rho \rangle \times E}{\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle}}$$

$$\circ \frac{\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle}{\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle}{\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle} \quad \frac{\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle}{\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle} \\ \frac{\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle}{\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle} \quad \frac{\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle}{\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle} \\ \frac{\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle}{\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle} \quad \frac{\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle}{\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle} \end{array}$$

$$\langle (x) \phi \times E \wedge (x) \rho \times E \rangle \leftarrow \langle (x) \phi \wedge (x) \rho \rangle \times E$$

$$\frac{\frac{\langle (x) \phi \times E \rangle}{\langle (x) \phi \times E \rangle}}{\langle (x) \phi \times E \rangle}$$

$$\frac{\langle (x) \phi \times E \rangle}{\langle (x) \phi \times E \rangle}$$

$$\frac{(x) \mathcal{D} z E \vee (h) \mathcal{D} \wedge E \leftarrow (x) \mathcal{D} \vee (x) \mathcal{D} \times E}{*} \quad (x) \mathcal{D} z E \vee (h) \mathcal{D} \wedge E$$

$$\frac{(x) \mathcal{D} z E \vee (h) \mathcal{D} \wedge E}{*} \quad \frac{(x) \mathcal{D} z E}{(x) \mathcal{D}} \quad \frac{(h) \mathcal{D} \wedge E}{(h) \mathcal{D}} \quad \frac{[(x) \mathcal{D} \vee (x) \mathcal{D}] \times E}{*}$$

$$\frac{[(x) \mathcal{D} \vee (x) \mathcal{D}] \times E}{*} \quad \frac{[(x) \mathcal{D} \vee (x) \mathcal{D}] \times E}{*}$$

$$(x) \mathcal{D} z E \vee (h) \mathcal{D} \wedge E \leftarrow (x) \mathcal{D} \vee (x) \mathcal{D} \times E$$

$$\frac{\star \quad (x)\phi \vdash xA \vdash \leftarrow (x)\phi \times E}{(x)\phi \vdash xA \vdash}$$

$$\frac{\star \quad \quad}{T}$$

$$\frac{0 \quad \quad \quad T \quad \quad \quad \star [(x)\phi \times E]}{[(x)\phi \vdash}$$

$$\star [(x)\phi \vdash xA]$$

$$(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow ((\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \beta)$$

$$\boxed{\mathcal{D}_{\alpha \vee \neg \alpha}} \quad \frac{\frac{\frac{[\alpha] [\alpha \rightarrow \beta] \star}{\beta} \quad \frac{[\neg \alpha] [\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta] \star}{\beta}}{\beta} \quad \circ}{\circ}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta \rightarrow \beta \quad \star}{\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta} \quad \star}{(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow ((\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \beta)} \quad \star$$

$$(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow ((\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \beta)$$

$$\neg \beta \rightarrow ((\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \neg \alpha) \quad \neg \beta \rightarrow ((\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \alpha)$$

$$\frac{[\neg \beta]^*}{\frac{[\alpha \rightarrow \beta][\alpha]^+}{\beta}} \quad \frac{\perp}{\neg \alpha} +$$

$$\frac{(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \neg \alpha}{\neg \beta \rightarrow ((\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \neg \alpha)}^*$$

$$\frac{\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta \quad [\neg \alpha]^+}{\beta} \quad \frac{\perp}{\alpha}$$

$$(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow ((\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \beta)$$

$$\frac{\frac{[\neg \beta]^0}{\perp} \quad \frac{[\alpha \rightarrow \beta]^\exists [\alpha]^+}{\beta}}{\neg \alpha} \quad +$$

$$\frac{\frac{[\neg \beta]^0}{\perp} \quad \frac{[\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta]^\ast [\neg \alpha]^+}{\beta}}{\alpha} \quad +$$

$$\frac{+}{\beta} \quad 0$$

$$\frac{\frac{(\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \beta}{\neg \alpha}}{(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow ((\neg \alpha \rightarrow \beta) \rightarrow \beta)} \quad \exists$$

$\mathcal{R} = \langle \mathbb{R}, <, =, +, *, 0, 1 \rangle$

$\langle 2; 2, 2; 2 \rangle$

$\langle, =, +, *, 0, 1$ simboli; I-ord

PER OGNI NUMERO REALE x
ESISTE UN NUMERO REALE y
TALE CHE y È MAGGIORE DI x
 $\alpha \quad \mathcal{R} \models \alpha$

$\forall x \exists y: x < y \equiv \alpha \quad \mathcal{R} \models \alpha$

$$\mathcal{M} = \langle A, R_1 - R_n, f_1, \dots, f_n, c_1, \dots, c_n \rangle$$

$$\mathcal{NP} = \langle \mathbb{N}, <, \sigma, +, 0 \rangle$$

$$\langle 2; 1, 2; 1 \rangle$$

α I NUMERI NATURALI NON HANNO MASSIMO

$$\alpha = \neg (\exists x \forall y (y < x))$$

$$P \subseteq A \quad P(x)$$

$$P \quad \bar{e} \quad \text{formalizzate} \quad \text{da} \quad \text{una}$$

$$\text{formula} \quad \alpha \quad \text{t.c.} \quad \models V(\alpha) = 2$$

$$\text{t.c.} \quad \alpha \in P \quad \text{ovvero} \quad P(\alpha) \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\{ \alpha \mid \rho[z \mapsto \alpha] \models \alpha \} = P$$

$$P \subseteq A \quad P(x)$$

P è formalizzata da una
formula α t.c. $FV(\alpha) = z$

$$\text{t.c.} \quad a \in P \quad \text{ovvero} \quad P(a) \Leftrightarrow \{a \mid \rho[z \mapsto a] \models \alpha\} = P$$

x è un numero pari

$$\alpha(x) \equiv \exists y. x = 2 \cdot y$$

$$\rho \equiv \{a \in \mathbb{N} \mid \rho[x \mapsto a] \models x = 2 \cdot y\} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\rho = \{a \in \mathbb{N} \mid a \text{ è pari}\}$$

$$\mathcal{N} = \langle \mathbb{N}, <, +, \cdot, \sigma, 0 \rangle$$

$$\alpha(x) \times \bar{e} \text{ un numero dispari}$$

$$\exists z \ x = (\sigma(\sigma(o)) \cdot z) + \sigma(o) \quad \left(\begin{matrix} \sim \\ 1 \end{matrix} \right)$$

$$\alpha(x_1, x_n) \quad \text{FV}(\alpha) = \{x_1, \dots, x_n\}$$

$$\alpha(x,y) \times \bar{e} \text{ un multiplo di } \gamma$$

$$\exists z \neq x \wedge x = z \cdot y \quad (h \cdot z = x) \quad z \in \mathbb{E} \quad (h \cdot z \neq 0 \wedge x = z \cdot y)$$

$$((h,z) \bullet = x) \quad z \in \mathbb{E}$$

$$1 \equiv \sigma(0)$$

$$Pr(x) \equiv \neg(x=0) \vee (x=1) \vee (x=2) \vee \dots$$

$$\forall x \forall y (x=y \rightarrow (x=y \vee x \neq y))$$

L'INSIEME DEI NUMERI PRIMI NON HA MASSIMO

α I NUMERI NATURALI NON HANNO MASSIMO

$$((x > y) \wedge \exists x \exists y) \wedge \dots$$

$$(\exists x (Pr(x) \wedge \forall y (y < x) \rightarrow Pr(y)))$$

OGNI MULTIPLO DI 4 È PAR

PAR(x)

$$4 \equiv \sigma(\sigma(\sigma(0))) \dots$$

$M_4(z)$ $z \in \text{MULT. DI } 4$

$$M_4(z) = \exists y (y \neq 0 \wedge z = 4 \cdot y)$$

$$\forall x A \leftarrow (x \neq M_4(x)) \rightarrow \text{PAR}(x)$$

$$\langle A, \leq \rangle \quad \text{t.c.} \quad \#A < \aleph_0$$

A ha almeno un massimale

$$\rightarrow \text{MasM}(x) \leftarrow$$

$$\text{MasM}(x) \equiv \forall A (A \leq x \rightarrow x = A)$$

$$\exists z \text{ MasM}(z)$$

$$\Rightarrow \langle P(N), \subseteq, \emptyset \rangle \models$$

$$\text{EXISTE } x \subseteq N \quad \text{t.c. } |x| = 1$$

$$C_1(x) \equiv |x| = 1$$

$$\{ \emptyset \} \subseteq z \quad (\Leftrightarrow) \quad \begin{cases} z = \emptyset \\ z = \{ \emptyset \} \end{cases}$$

$$((\emptyset = z \wedge x = z) \leftarrow x \subseteq z) \wedge A \equiv (x)TC$$

$$2 \frac{\exists x A \wedge \forall x A \perp}{T}$$

$$2 \frac{\{(\exists x A \wedge \forall x A \perp) \perp\}}{Q \times A \wedge \forall x A \perp}$$

$$\forall x A \perp$$

$$1 \frac{}{T}$$

$$2 \frac{[(\exists x A \wedge \forall x A \perp) \perp]}{Q \times A \wedge (\forall x A) \perp}$$

$$\forall x B$$

$$B$$

$$\frac{A}{A \supset B}$$

$$1 \frac{[\forall x A]}{\forall x (A \supset B)}$$

$$\forall x (A \supset B) \vdash \vdash (\forall x A \wedge \forall x B)$$

$$aRb \ \& \ bRc \Rightarrow aRc$$

$$a=0 \Rightarrow b=0 \Rightarrow c=0$$

$$a \neq 0 \quad \neg b=0 \Rightarrow c=0 \quad aR0$$

$$\neg b \neq 0 \quad c=0 \quad aR0$$

$$c \neq 0 \quad a \leq b \ \& \ b \leq c \Rightarrow$$

$$a \leq c \Rightarrow aRc$$

